

## ANATOMY OF A JOURNEY

### JOURNEY

001. WHAT DO YOU MEAN BY "JOURNEY"?

#

A journey consists of the entire routing included on a ticket and is composed of the following ticketed points:-

002. HOW MANY TYPES OF JOURNEY ARE THERE?

#

Journey composed of the following ticketed points:-

#

Origin

#

Destination

#

Intermediate Points - Intermediate Stopover Point + Intermediate No Stopover Point

#

Fare Component

#

Pricing Unit

#

OW Subjourney

#

Return Subjourney

#

Unit Origin

#

Unit Destination

### ORIGIN

003. WHICH ONE IS THE "ORIGIN" POINT OF A JOURNEY?

#

The initial starting point in the routing and it is also a fare construction point.

#

EXAMPLE#

#

DEL —————> Origin  
 DXB  
 ROM  
 LON

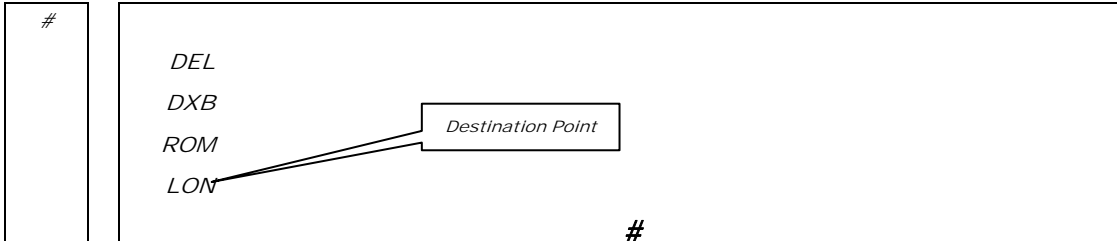
#

**DESTINATION**

004. WHICH ONE IS THE "DESTINATION" POINT OF A JOURNEY?

# The ultimate stopping place of the journey and it is also considered as the fare break point.

# EXAMPLE#



**INTERMEDIATE POINTS**

005. WHICH ONE IS THE "INTERMEDIATE" POINT OF A JOURNEY?

# Ticketed via points in between fare construction points and also called "transfer points."

006. HOW MANY ARE "INTERMEDIATE" POINTS THERE?

# Intermediate Points are further divided into two parts:

# Intermediate Stopover Point

# Intermediate No Stopover Point

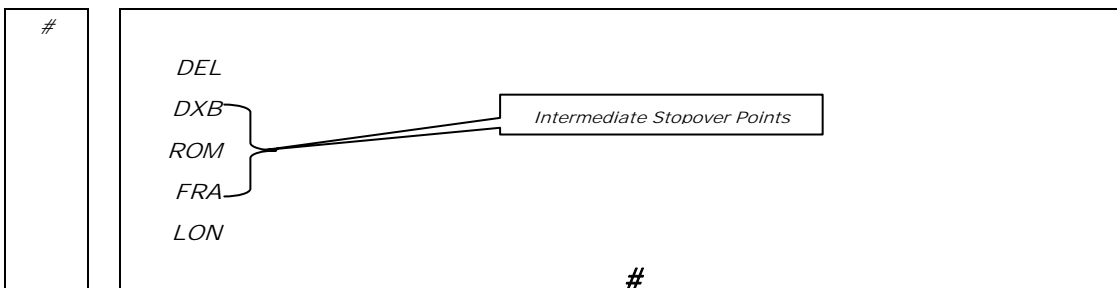
007. WHICH ONE IS THE "INTERMEDIATE STOPOVER POINT OF A JOURNEY?"

# A point where a passenger arrives at an intermediate point and is scheduled to depart later than 24 hours after the arrival

008. HOW WILL WE IDENTIFY THE "INTERMEDIATE STOPOVER POINT" IN A JOURNEY?

# Shown in the itinerary without "X/" code

# EXAMPLE#



009. WHICH VIA POINTS ARE "INTERMEDIATE NO STOPOVER POINT"?

# A point where the passenger arrives and departs within 24 hours.

010. WHAT IS THE ANOTHER NAME USED FOR "INTERMEDIATE NO STOPOVER POINT"?

# Intermediate No Stopover Point is also known as:

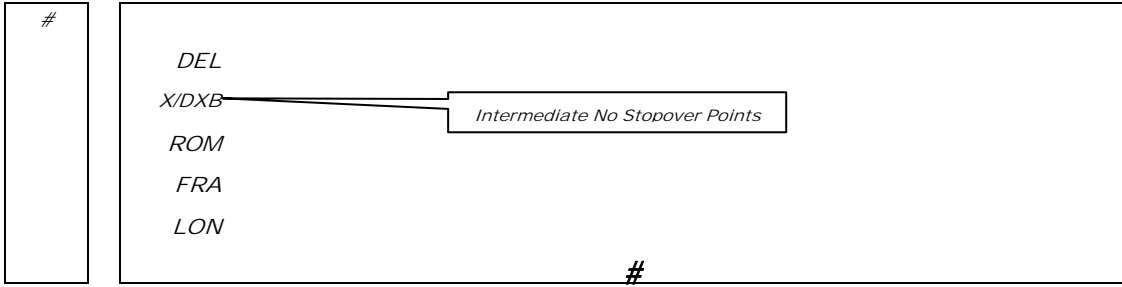
# Transfer Connection

# Connecting Point

011. HOW WILL WE IDENTIFY THE "INTERMEDIATE NO STOPOVER POINT" IN A JOURNEY?

# Shown in the itinerary with "X/" code

# EXAMPLE#



**FARE COMPONENT**

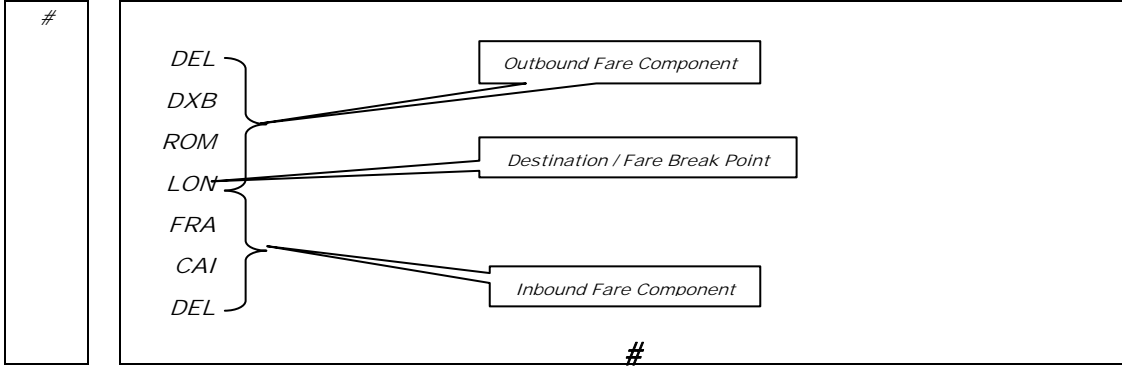
012. WHICH ARE THE FARE COMPONENTS IN ANY JOURNEY?

# The portion of the itinerary between two consecutive fare construction points

013. HOW ARE MANY FARE COMPONENT INVOLVED IN A JOURNEY?

# A journey can have one or more fare components.

# EXAMPLE#



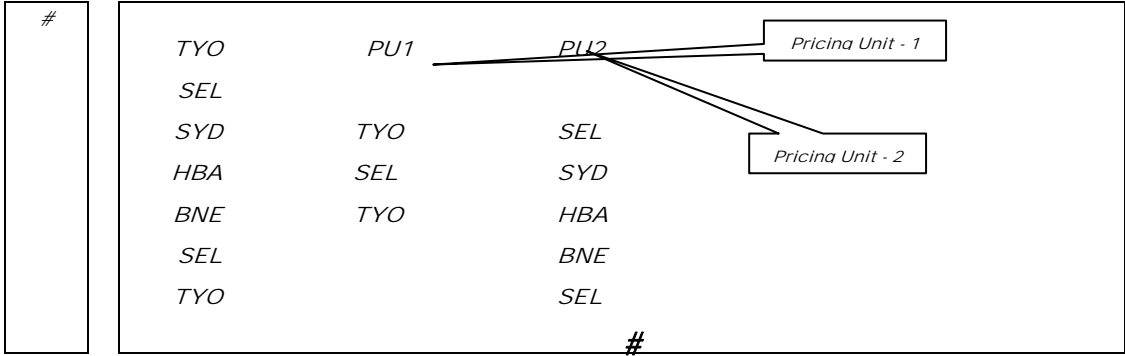
**PRICING UNIT**

014. WHAT DO YOU MEAN BY PRICING UNIT?

# A journey or part of a trip which is the price as a separate entity

# It is capable of being ticketed separately.

# EXAMPLE#



# The fare charged: PU1 (Pricing Unit -1) TYO - SEL - TYO & PU2 (Pricing Unit - 2) SEL - SYD - HBA - BNE - SEL#

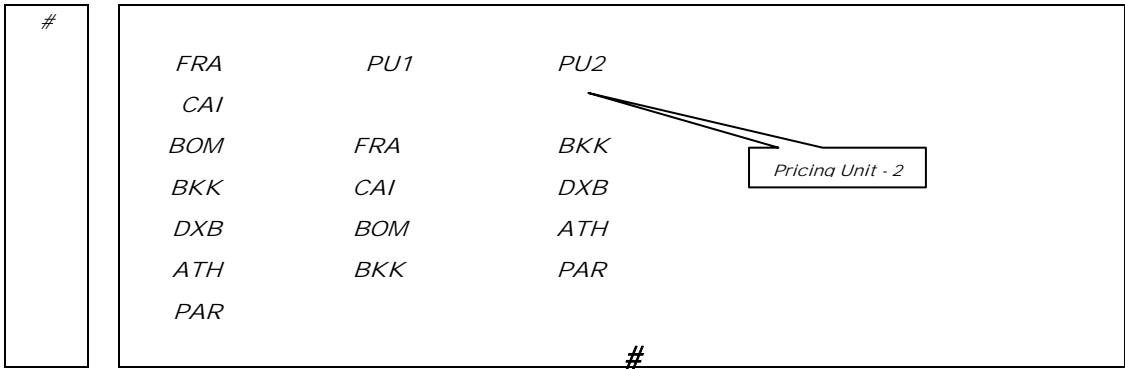
# Purpose: TYO (Japan) has a stable currency & SEL (Korea) has a weaker currency.#

**OW SUBJOURNEY**

015. WHAT DO YOU MEAN BY OW SUBJOURNEY?

# Part of a journey where travel from one country does not return to such land, and it has an international gap.

# EXAMPLE#



# The fare charged: PU1 (Pricing Unit - 1) FRA - CAI - BOM - BKK & PU2 (Pricing Unit - 2) BKK - DXB - ATH - PAR#

# Purpose: the actual journey is one-way + it will exceed the maximum limit of 25% surcharge + so to calculate the trip we have to break at BKK dividing the route into two pricing unit.#

**RETURN SUBJOURNEY**

016. WHAT DO YOU MEAN BY RETURN SUBJOURNEY?

# Part of a journey where travel is from a point/country and return to the same point.

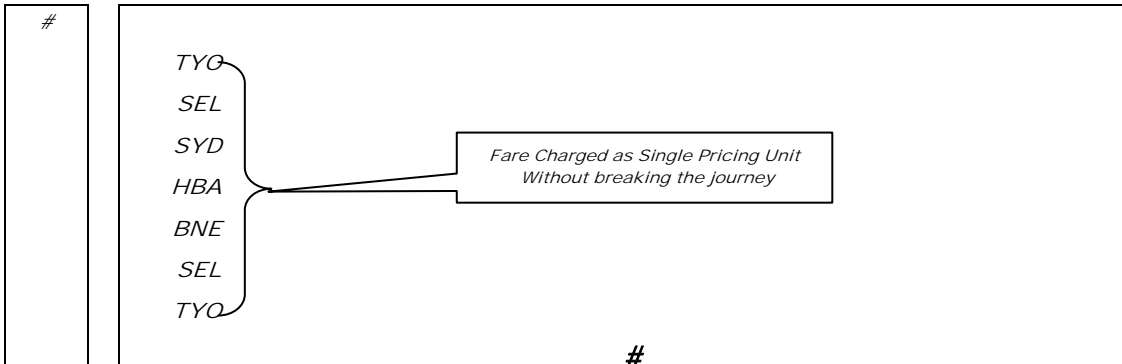
017. HOW IS THE FARE ASSESSED IN RETURN SUBJOURNEY?

# Fare is assessed as a single pricing unit using ½ RT fares.

018. WHAT TYPE OF JOURNEYS ARE INVOLVED IN RETURN SUBJOURNEY?

# The journey can be Round Trip + Circle Trip + Open Jaw

# EXAMPLE#



# The fare charged: PU1 (Pricing Unit -1) TYO - SEL - SYD - HBA - BNE - SEL - TYO#

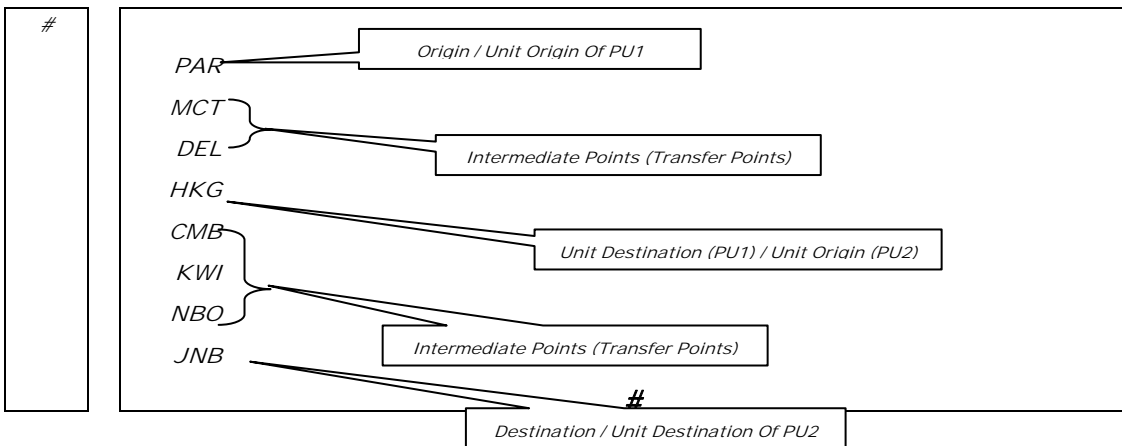
# Purpose: to calculate the journey as a single pricing unit#

**UNIT ORIGIN**

019. WHICH IS THE UNIT ORIGIN POINT IN ANY JOURNEY?

# The initial starting point of a pricing unit

# EXAMPLE#



**UNIT DESTINATION**

020. WHICH IS THE UNIT DESTINATION IN ANY JOURNEY?

# The final stopping place of a pricing unit

# EXAMPLE#

